

Interactions 1

2/11/10
20/2010

Note Title

$$\underline{E + M}$$

Covariant der. $\partial_\mu \rightarrow D_\mu = \partial_\mu + i q A_\mu$

Scalar

$$\mathcal{L} = (D_\mu \phi)^* (D_\mu \phi) - V(\phi) \quad \leftarrow \text{complex scalar}$$

Sch.

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{i}{2} (\psi^* (D_\mu \psi) - (D_\mu \psi)^* \psi) - \frac{(\vec{D}\psi)^* (\vec{D}\psi)}{2m}$$

Dirac

$$\mathcal{L} = \bar{\psi} (i\not{D} - m) \psi$$

Gauge invariance

$$\begin{cases} A_\mu \rightarrow A'_\mu = A_\mu + \partial_\mu \Lambda(x, t) & F_{\mu\nu}' = F_{\mu\nu} \\ \phi \rightarrow \phi' = e^{-ig\Lambda(x, t)} \phi & (\partial_\mu \psi) \quad \phi^* \phi \text{ invariant} \end{cases}$$

$$D_\mu \phi \rightarrow D'_\mu \phi' = [\partial_\mu + ig(A_\mu + \partial_\mu \Lambda)] e^{-ig\Lambda} \phi$$

$$= e^{-ig\Lambda} [\partial_\mu - ig(\partial_\mu \Lambda) + ig(A_\mu + \partial_\mu \Lambda)] \phi$$

$$= e^{-ig\Lambda} D_\mu \phi$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi^* D_\mu \phi \text{ invariant}$$

$$(D_\mu \phi)^\dagger (D_\mu \phi) \text{ invariant}$$

EM Current

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} - A_\mu J^\mu \quad \downarrow \downarrow (p, \vec{J})$$

$$\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \partial_\mu A_\nu} = -F^{\mu\nu}, \quad \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial A_\nu} = -J^\nu$$

Maxwell eq.

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\partial_\mu F^{\mu\nu} = J^\nu}$$

Scalar

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \underbrace{(D_\mu \phi)^\dagger (D_\mu \phi)}_{-A_\mu J^\mu + g^2 A_\mu A^\mu \phi^\dagger \phi} - V(\phi^\dagger \phi)$$

$$(D_\mu \phi)^\dagger (D_\mu \phi) = \left[(\partial_\mu - ig A_\mu) \phi^\dagger \right] (\partial_\mu + ig A_\mu) \phi = \partial_\mu \phi^\dagger \partial^\mu \phi - ig A_\mu (\phi^\dagger \partial^\mu \phi - \partial^\mu \phi \phi) + \underline{\underline{g^2 A_\mu A^\mu \phi^\dagger \phi}}$$

$$J_{em}^M = i g (\dot{\phi}^* \partial_\mu \phi - (\partial_\mu \phi^*) \dot{\phi}) \quad *$$

$$\hat{K} = g * J_{em}^M$$

\hat{K} part of current

$$Q_{em} = \int d^3x J_{em}^0 = \int \frac{d^3p}{(2\pi)^3} g (a^\dagger(p) a(p) - b^\dagger(p) b(p))$$

$$\partial_\mu J_{em}^M = 0 \quad (\text{shown previously})$$

Non rel

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L} &= -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + i\frac{1}{2} (\psi^* \overset{\nabla_0 + igA_0}{D_0} \psi - (D_0 \psi^* \psi)) - \frac{(\vec{D}\psi)(\vec{D}\psi)}{2m} \\
 &= \text{free field} - gA_0 \psi^* \psi - ig\vec{A} \left(\frac{(\vec{\nabla}\psi^*)\psi - \psi^*\vec{\nabla}\psi}{2m} \right) + \underbrace{ig\vec{A}\vec{A}\psi\psi}_{**}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$** \quad J_{em}^\mu = g \left(\psi^* \psi, \frac{1}{2m} \bar{\psi} (-i\vec{\nabla} + i\overleftarrow{\nabla}) \psi \right) = g \left(\psi^* \psi, \underbrace{\vec{\psi} \overleftarrow{\nabla} \psi}_** \right)$$

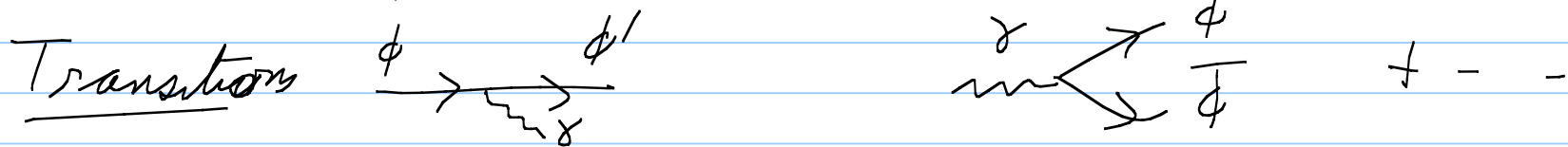
$$H = \int d^3x \psi^* \left[\frac{D^2}{2m} + gA_0 \overset{\nabla_0}{\psi} \right] \psi \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{Dirac } \mathcal{L} = \bar{\psi} (i\not{D} - m) \psi \quad \Rightarrow \quad \underline{J_{em}^\mu} = g \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \psi$$

What does $A_\mu J^\mu$ do?

$$J_\mu A^\mu = g \left[\underbrace{\phi^\dagger}_{a^\dagger, b} \underbrace{i \partial_\mu \phi}_{\sim a + b^\dagger} - \underbrace{(i \partial_\mu \phi^\dagger)}_{\sim a_\gamma + a_\gamma^\dagger} \phi \right] A^\mu$$

$i g \phi^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{\partial}_\mu \phi A^\mu$



Current

$$\langle \phi(p_2) | \underline{J}_\mu | \phi(p_1) \rangle$$

$$= \langle 0 | a(p_2) \int \frac{d^3 p'}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\omega'}} \left[e^{i p' \cdot x} a^\dagger(p') + \dots \right] \underline{i g \overleftrightarrow{\partial}_\mu} \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\omega}} \left[e^{-i p \cdot x} a(p) + \dots \right] a^\dagger(p_1) | 0 \rangle$$

$\downarrow g(p_1 + p_2)_\mu$

$$\underbrace{\left[a(p_1), a^\dagger(p) \right]}_{(2\pi)^3 \delta^3(p - p_1)} + a^\dagger(p) a(p) | 0 \rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\omega_1 2\omega_2}} g(p_1 + p_2)_\mu e^{-i(p_1 - p_2) \cdot x}$$

Note as $p_1 \rightarrow p_2 = \langle J_m \rangle = g \frac{P_m}{E} = g \left(1, \frac{\vec{p}}{E} \right)$ $\swarrow \vec{v}$

$$\underline{L_{int}} = -J_m A^m \quad \swarrow -J_m A^m \quad \left[\frac{2g'_1}{(2\pi)^3} \left[\dots + e^{i g'_1 x} a(g'_1) \epsilon_{\mu\nu}^{(1)} \right] \right] \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\omega_4}}$$

$$Amp = \langle \phi(p_2) \psi(g) | L_{int} | \phi(p_1) \rangle$$

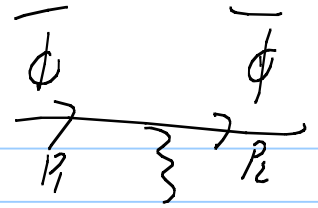
$\begin{array}{ccc} p_1 & & p_2 \\ & \searrow & \nearrow \\ & g & \end{array}$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\omega_1 2\omega_2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\omega_g}} g(p_1 + p_2)_\mu \epsilon^{\mu\nu} e^{-i(p_1 - p_2 - g) \cdot x}$$

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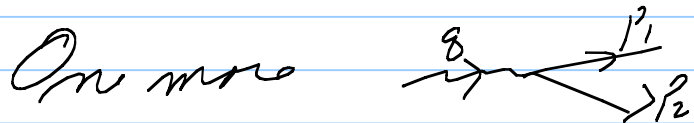
$$\langle \bar{\Phi}(p_2) | J_n | \Phi(p_1) \rangle$$

$$-g(p_1 + p_2)_\mu$$



$$= \langle 0 | b(p_2) \int \frac{d^3 p'}{(2\pi)^3 \sqrt{2\omega'}} [\dots + e^{-i p' \cdot N} b(p')] i g \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3 \sqrt{2\omega}} [\dots + e^{+i p \cdot N} b^\dagger(p)] b^\dagger(p_1) | 0 \rangle$$

$$= \frac{-g}{\sqrt{2\omega_1 2\omega_2}} (p_1 + p_2)_\mu e^{-i(p_1 - p_2) \cdot N}$$



$$\langle \bar{\Phi}(p_2) \Phi(p_1) | J_n A^\mu | \chi(q) \rangle$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\omega_1 2\omega_2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\omega_q}} e^{-i(q - p_1 - p_2) \cdot N} g (p_1 - p_2)^\mu \cdot \epsilon_\mu$$

Rules

- 1) initial $e^{-i p \cdot X}$
final $e^{+i p \cdot X}$
- 2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\omega}}$ for any boson ($\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ for fermion)
- 3) ϵ_μ for initial photon, $\epsilon^{\dagger\mu}$ for final
- 4) $\partial_\mu \rightarrow -i p_\mu$ for initial state
 $+i p_\mu$ for final state
- 5) Currents $g_c \Rightarrow +g$ for particles
 $-g$ for anti

6) Dirac (next)

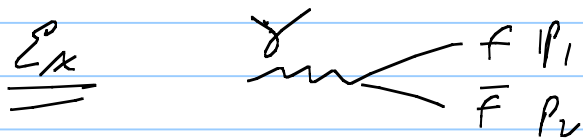
$u(p)$ for incoming particle

$\bar{u}(p)$ for final particle

$\bar{v}(p)$ for incoming antiparticle

$v(p)$ for outgoing antiparticle

}!



$$\text{Amp} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2W_{\xi}}} \frac{1 \times 1}{1} e^{-i(\omega - p_1 - p_2) \cdot x} \int E_{\mu}(\omega) \bar{u}(p_1) \gamma^{\mu} v(p_2)$$

\uparrow outgoing f \uparrow \bar{f} out